### **Institute of Energy for SE Europe - IENE**

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# Energy & Shipping Seminar LIABILITY INSURANCE

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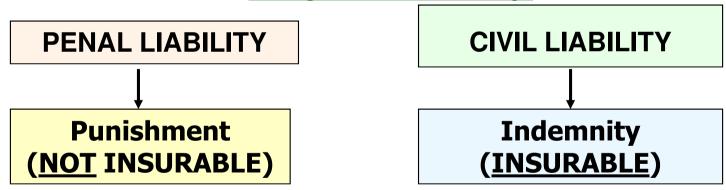
# **Main points of presentation**

- Basic Features of Liability
- Business Environment & Liabilities
- Types of Business Liability
- Market's current trends



Insurance from covering traditional of Tangible Assets (Property, Hull & Machinery, Cargo etc), following evolution of the business conditions and the society, has been extended to cover Intangible Assets (Liabilities etc). Liability Insurance becomes more and more important ...

# **Legal Liability**







#### Parameters affecting Business

#### **SOCIAL**

Protection of:

- -Employees
- TPL/Consumers
  - Competition
  - Environment

(Liabilities)

# INTERNATIONAL CONVENTIONS

- Legal frame
- Globalization
- Natural Environment

(Liabilities)

#### **TECHNICAL**

- Production
- -Logistics

(Liabilities)

#### **BUSINESS**

#### **COMMERCIAL**

- Brand name
- -Competition

(Liabilities)

#### **LEGAL**

- Laws
- Contracts

(Liabilities)

#### **ECONOMIC**

- Financial Risks (Loans, Guarantees)

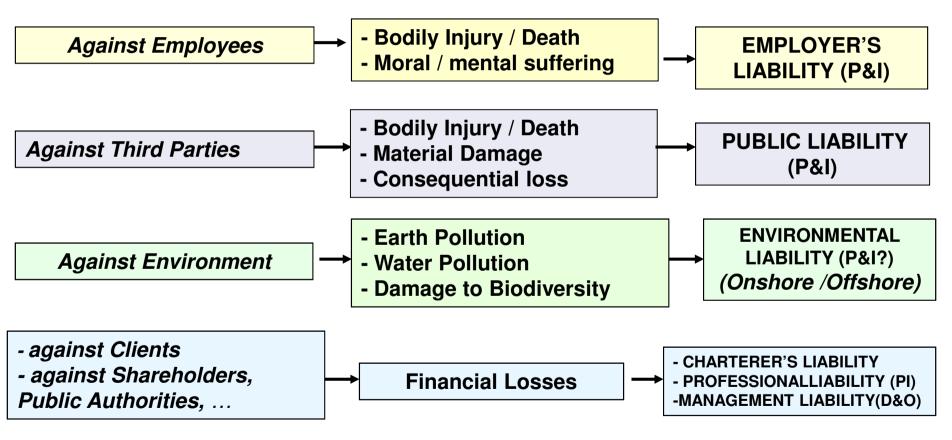
(Liabilities)



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## **Energy & Shipping - LIABILITY INSURANCE**

#### **Business & Liabilities**





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## **Energy & Shipping - LIABILITY INSURANCE**

#### What Liability Insurance provides / covers?

- > Legal support, Investigations by the Insurance Company
- Financial Indemnity for Bodily Injuries or/and Death of Third Parties
- Financial Indemnity (direct and / or indirect consequential economic loss)
- Legal costs & Expenses in connection with claims that can not be settled extra-judicially
- > Costs for reinstatement of damages to the Environment



# Energy & Shipping - LIABILITY INSURANCE Charterer's Liability Insurance

Who needs it: Operators or commodity Traders who are chartering vessels to carry their own cargoes, need insurance

What is covered: Financial losses due for damages caused to the ship and/or the environment, during handling of the cargo

Why is needed: Charterers are exposed to liabilities that may reach or even exceed the value of the chartered vessel or the goods shipped.

The Ship-owner has insured his ship and the Cargo owner has insured his goods. Their Insurers in case of damages / claims brought to their policies will seek for recoveries.



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# **Energy & Shipping - LIABILITY INSURANCE**

#### **Environment Liability (I)**

<u>Penal Liability</u>: Conscious pollution is considered criminal act (concerns the Captain / Operator)

<u>Civil Liability</u>: Every business activity that may causes damage to the environment, bears the cost for the appropriate preventive measures & the expenses to limit the damage that may occur (concerns the shipping company (offshore) / operators (onshore activities)

#### **Basic issues**

- > State Authorities are obliged to react
- **➤ Civil Liability is considered "objective" (strict)**
- > Other entities than the shipping company may be implied in liabilities for eventual errors or omissions (Consultants Services Providers, Directors & Officers of the shipping company ...)
- > Necessity / Obligation not only for more security / prevention but also for adequate financial security (Insurance)



#### **Environment Liability Insurance (II)**

#### What is covered

Consequences of Spills and threats of spills

- > Clean-up operations cost
- > Investigations costs
- > Third party property damage
- > Loss of revenues to Third Parties
- > Legal Defense costs
- > Civil penalties
- Criminal fines

#### Who needs it

- Vessel Owners & Operators
- Cargo Owners



#### Management Liability (D&O) Insurance (I)

Why is needed: Directors & Officers (jointly and severally liable), make decisions on behalf of the company. Are exposed when the company:

- ☐ Has subsidiaries with outside shareholders
- □ Is publicly quoted
- ☐ Is involved in joint ventures
- □ Raises additional capital or Arranges a private placement of debt or equity
- □ Undertakes major restructuring, acquires new entities
- □ Sells or Merges subsidiaries

#### What is covered:

- Legal costs in defending allegations or lawsuits brought against Directors & Officers alleging wrongful acts (Breach of duty, Neglect, Error, Omission, Misstatement, Misleading statement, Breach of trust)
- Any awards granted to the claimants against the Directors & Officers, including out of court settlements





#### **Management Liability (D&O) Insurance (II)**

#### **Areas of greatest risk**

- Private offerings and / or Public offerings
- Where foreign investors acquire equity in the company
- Where the company internationalizes its business (particularly in the USA or Canada) by:
  - □ Opening branches / subsidiaries overseas
  - Entering into strategic alliances with overseas companies
  - □ Establishing relationships with non-domestic clients,
- When the Company faces great losses from unexpected events, ...



#### **Professional Indemnity Insurance**

Covering allegations / claims arising from errors and/ or omissions in performing professional services in the maritime industry

Main Professions concerned

- Naval Architects & Consulting Engineers
- Lawyers Law Firms
- Insurance Brokers
- Ship Brokers
- Marine Surveyors Certification Firms
- Loss Adjusters
- Security Service Companies (Antipiracy)
- Miscellaneous Marine Consultants



#### Why is it necessary

- Globalization of economies & social evolution ...
- Tendency for more litigation & for higher Indemnity Limits
- Damaging conditions and human negligence (errors and/or omissions) cannot be completely eliminated
- Whether liable or not, the costs of eventual damages and subsequent economic losses, may be unbearable
- Money is ... rare and expensive!
   Insurance Policies are part of Credit application documents
- Energy & Shipping is subject to major risks & liabilities. In today's competitive - globalised business environment, needs appropriate legal & financial cover/ support





#### **At what Indemnity Limits?**

General easy answer can not be given.

To determine the optimal efficiency (benefit / cost) need:

- Comprehensive Risk Analysis of the Business Activity
- Knowledge of the development strategy
- Consideration of market conditions

#### "Golden" Rule:

Buy enough to feel safe as far as you are able to pay the insurance cost



#### <u>Liability Insurance - Advantages</u>

- Reliable Legal & Financial protection in the contemporary even more competitive and litigious business environment
- Protects the Balance Sheet and the executives of the Company in any claims against them
- A "value" of the Firm's assets with a positive impact on its credibility image. Insurance Policies are part of Credit application documents
- Encourages entrepreneurial initiatives / getting risks
- Expresses reliability and responsibility of the Company to its Employees, to the State and the Society



#### Right of Subrogation - Recourse of Liabilities

The environmental disaster (explosion) in Golf of Mexico

- BP (Owner of the Deepwater Horizon Oil Station) primarily liable, paid ~14b\$ of the total damage estimated at 20b\$!
  Raises claims against other entities, that may considered liable!
- HULLIBURTON (cement sealing of the well) is sued by BP to pay part of the damage
- CAMERON (installed protection equipment) paid to BP 250m\$
- TRANSOCEAN operator of the oil rig may also contribute to the financial burden of the damage ...

LIABILITY IS A COMPLEX ISSUE Generally, there is not a sole liable!



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## **Energy & Shipping - LIABILITY INSURANCE**

### **Liability Insurance - Conditions to be successful**

- √ Soundness of Insurance Policy
  - ➤ Risk Analysis & Responsibilities
  - ➤ No abusive exclusions or "hidden" cover restrictive clauses
  - > Effective indemnity procedures
- ✓ Reliability of the Insurance Company, backed by first class reinsurance cover
- ✓ Reliability & quality services by the Insurance Broker, backed by adequate own professional liability cover

